

This form has been approved by the Landlord and Tenant Board for the purpose of section 11 of the *Residential Tenancies Act*. Ce document renferme des renseignements importants à l'intention des nouveaux locataires et est disponible en français. Pour obtenir la version française, vous pouvez communiquer avec la Commission au 416-645-8080 ou sans frais au 1-888-332-3234.

Landlord Rights and Responsibilities

Your landlord has the right to:	• collect a rent deposit – It cannot be more than one month's rent, or if rent is paid weekly, one week's rent. This deposit must be used as the rent payment for the last month or week of your tenancy. It cannot be used for any other reason, such as to pay for damages. A landlord must pay interest on the deposit every year.
	• increase the rent – There are special rules that limit how often your landlord can increase the rent and by how much. In most cases, a landlord can increase the rent only once a year by the guideline that is set by the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing. A landlord must give a tenant at least 90 days notice in writing of any rent increase and this notice must be on the proper form. Exceptions: New units, non-profit and public housing units, residences at schools, colleges and universities, and certain other accommodation are not covered by all the rent rules.
Your landlord is responsible	• keeping the rental property in a good state of repair and obeying health, safety and maintenance standards.
for:	• providing you with a copy of your written tenancy agreement within 21 days after the day you signed it and gave it to your landlord. If your tenancy agreement is not in writing, your landlord must give you written notice of their legal name and address within 21 days after your tenancy begins.
Your landlord is <u>not</u> allowed to:	• shut off or deliberately interfere with the <u>supply</u> of a vital service (heat, electricity, fuel, gas, or hot or cold water), care service or food that your landlord must provide under your tenancy agreement. However, your landlord is allowed to shut-off services temporarily if this is necessary to make repairs.
	• take your personal property if you don't pay your rent and you are still living in your rental unit.
	• lock you out of your rental unit unless your landlord has an eviction order from the Board and the Sheriff comes to your rental unit to enforce it.
	• insist that you pay your rent by post-dated cheque or automatic debit. These ways of paying your rent can be suggested, but you cannot be refused a rental unit or evicted for refusing to give them.
	For More Information
Contact the Landlord and Tenant Board	This brochure provides you with some general information about the rights and responsibilities of landlords and tenants. For more detailed information about your rights and responsibilities or how to resolve a dispute with your landlord, you may:
	• visit the Landlord and Tenant Board's website at www.LTB.gov.on.ca or the Landlord and Tenant Board office in your area.
	• call the Board at (416) 645-8080 or toll-free at 1-888-332-3234 . You can get information from these numbers 24 hours a day. You can talk to a Customer Service Representative, Monday to Friday, from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

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